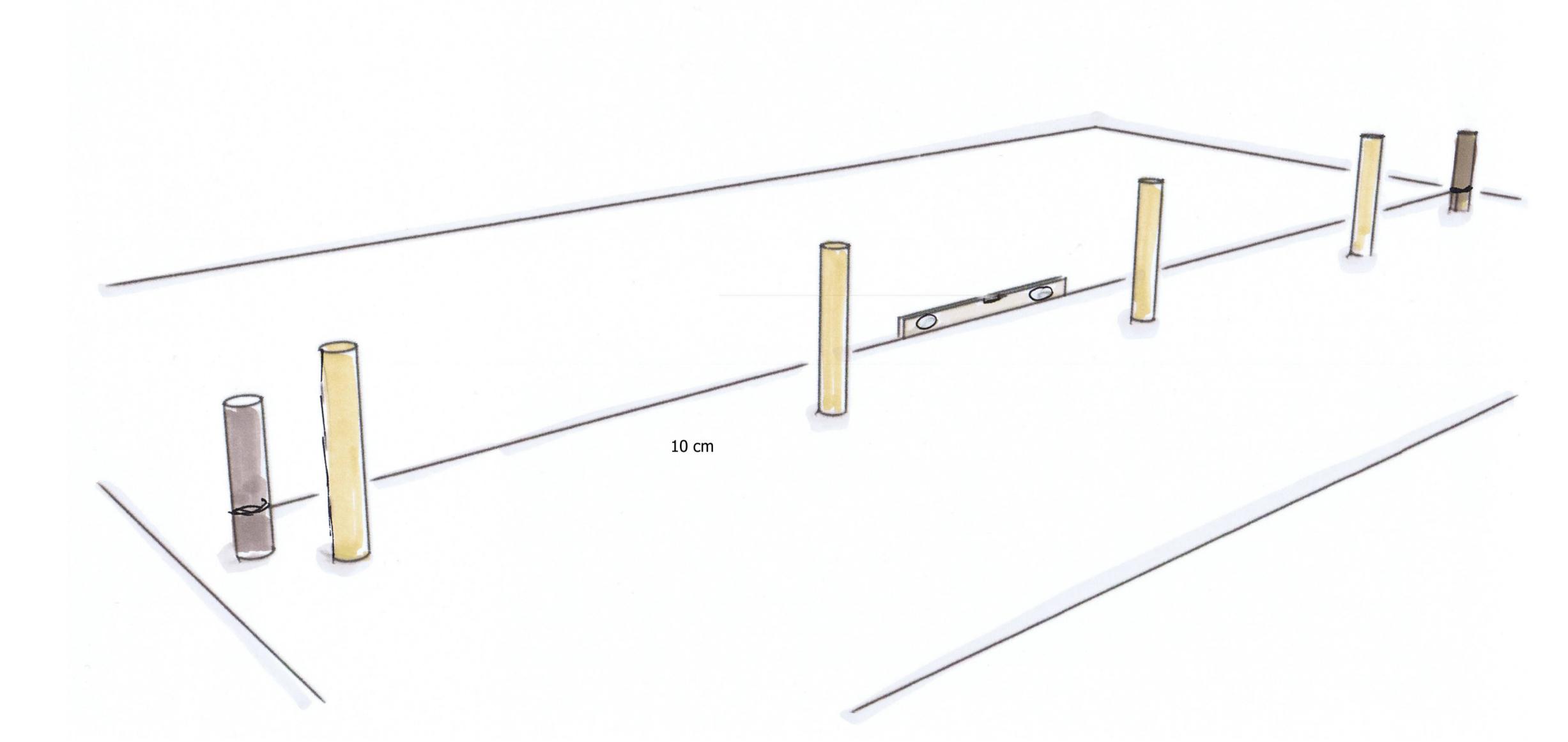
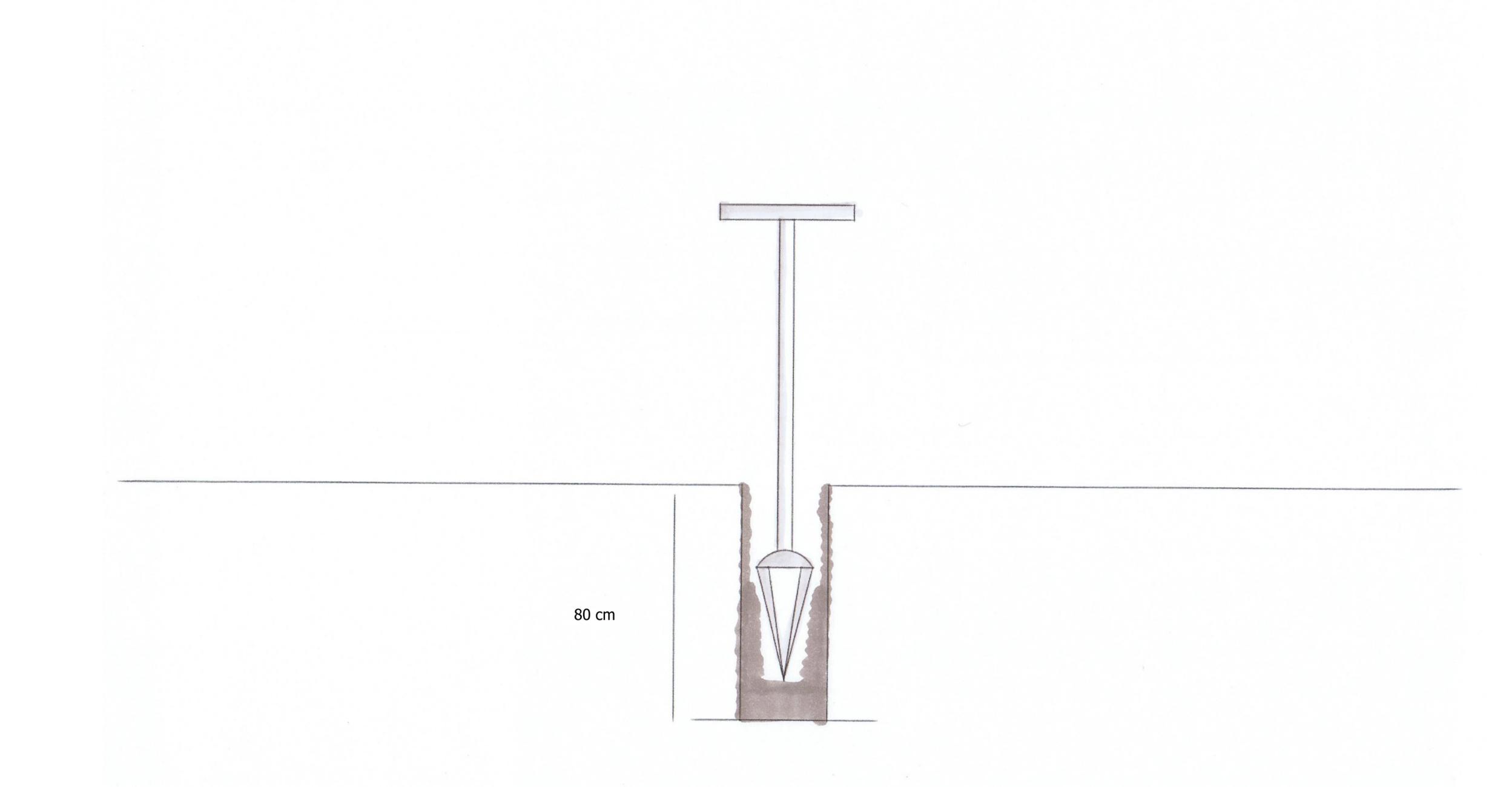


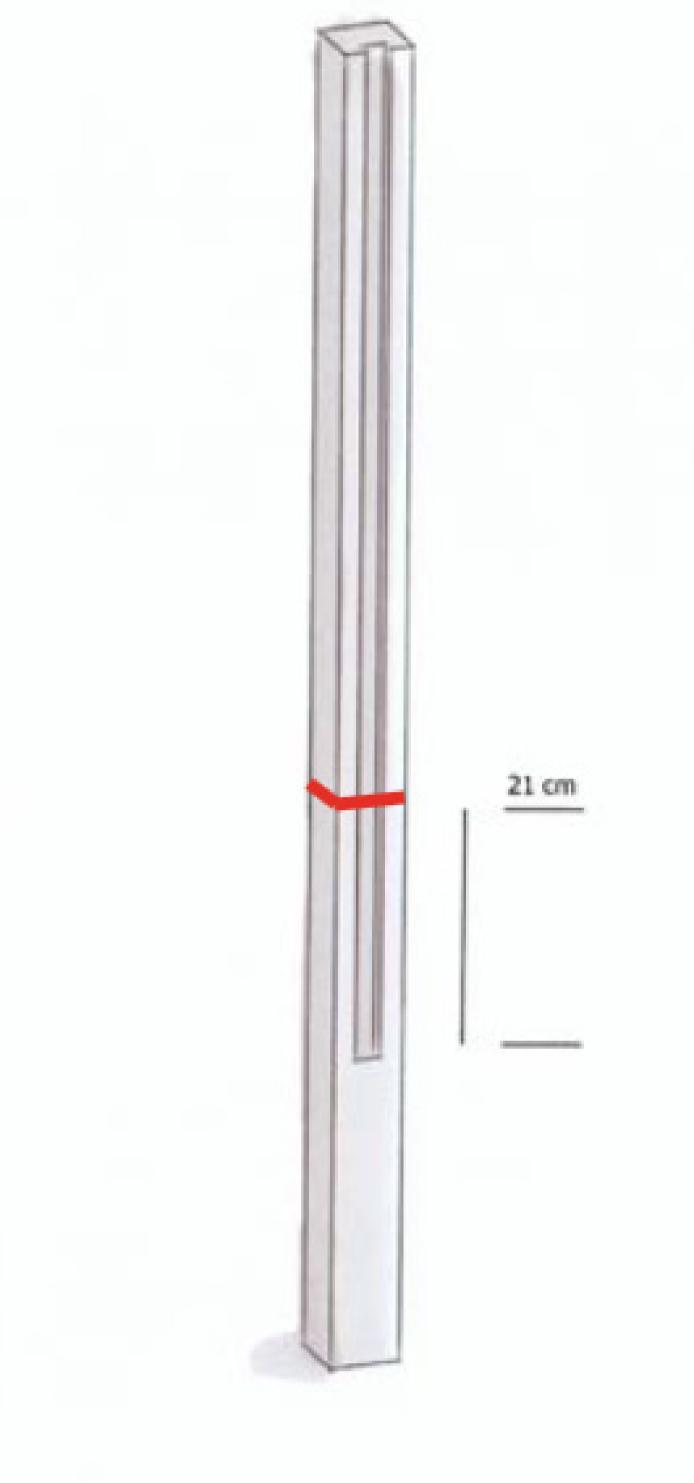
1. Determine position Determine the position of the kitchen by putting markers into the ground at 59-1/4 (59.25) inches center to center. At the location of each post, place a marker.



2. Aligning
Determine the 0-point (0-point is the top of the terrace, paving, lawn, etc.). Tie the string line exactly 4 inches above the 0-point.
IMPORTANT! Make sure the string line is level.

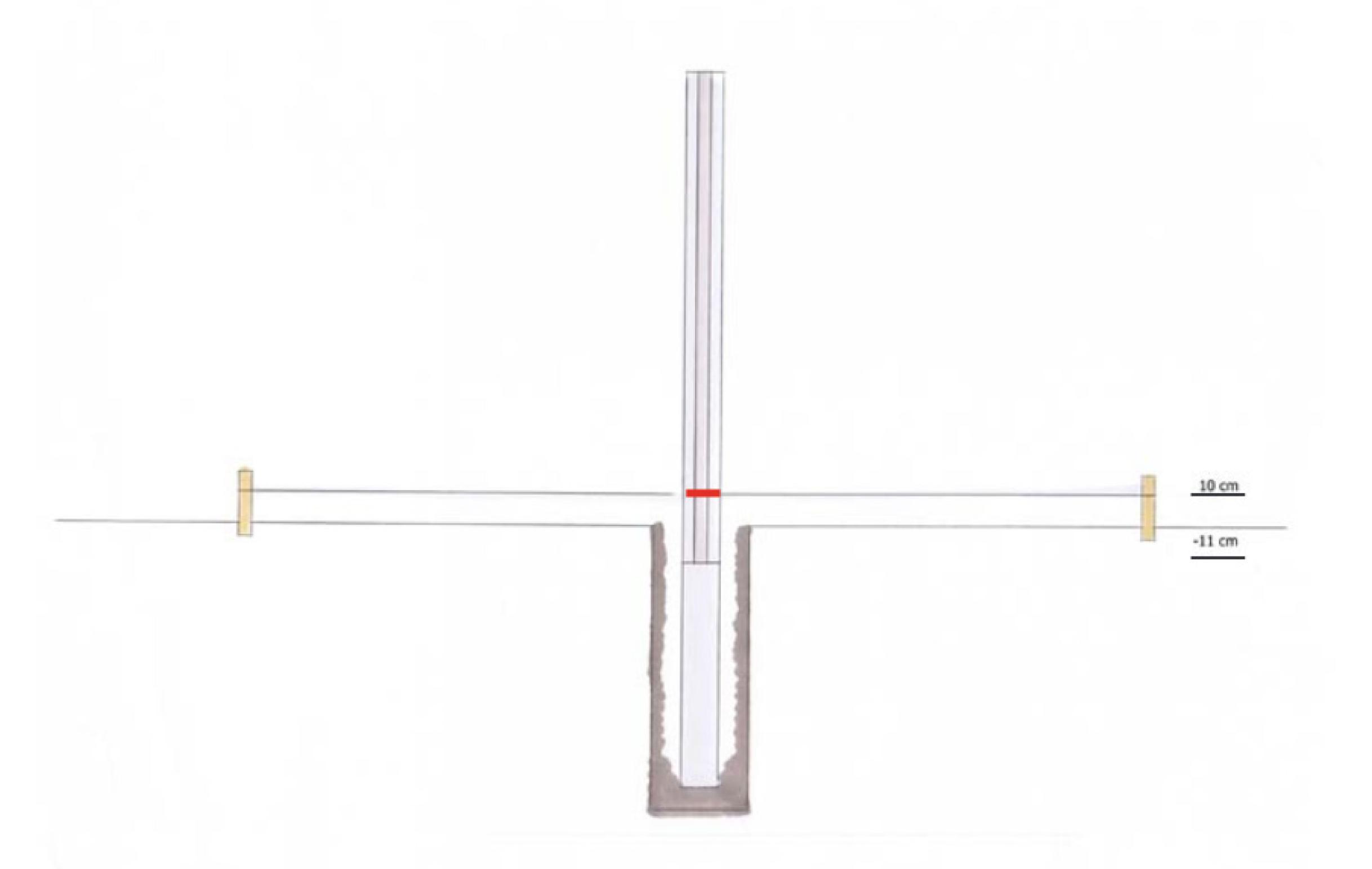


3. Drill / dig holes
Dig a hole with a spade/post hole
digger to the following dimensions:
8" wide x 8" long x about 27.5"
deep (below grade) where the posts
are to be placed. NOTE: If trying
to achieve an ultimate height other than the standard heights (4'3",
5'4", 6'6"), then measure the desired height from the top of the
post and mark a line. Measure the
remaining distance from the bottom of the post (MINUS 4") to the
marked line to determine the depth
needed for each post.

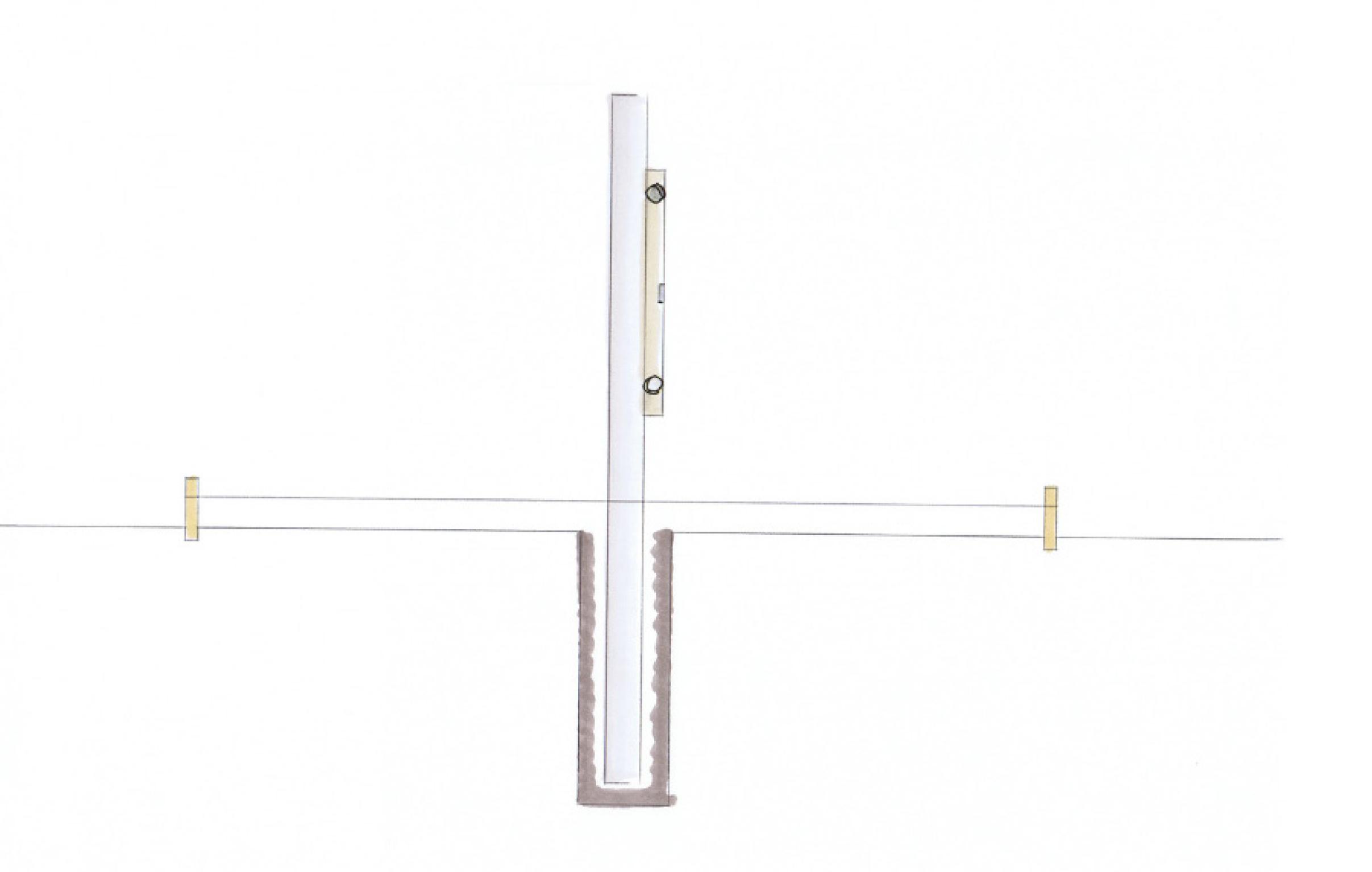


4. Marking
Mark the posts at 8.5" from the bottom of the groove, measuring upwards. NOTE: The groove in the post should be continuous to the solid base. If there is a hard tab creating a break in the groove (about 6"-14" above the solid base), then carefully remove this tab so the groove is continuous.

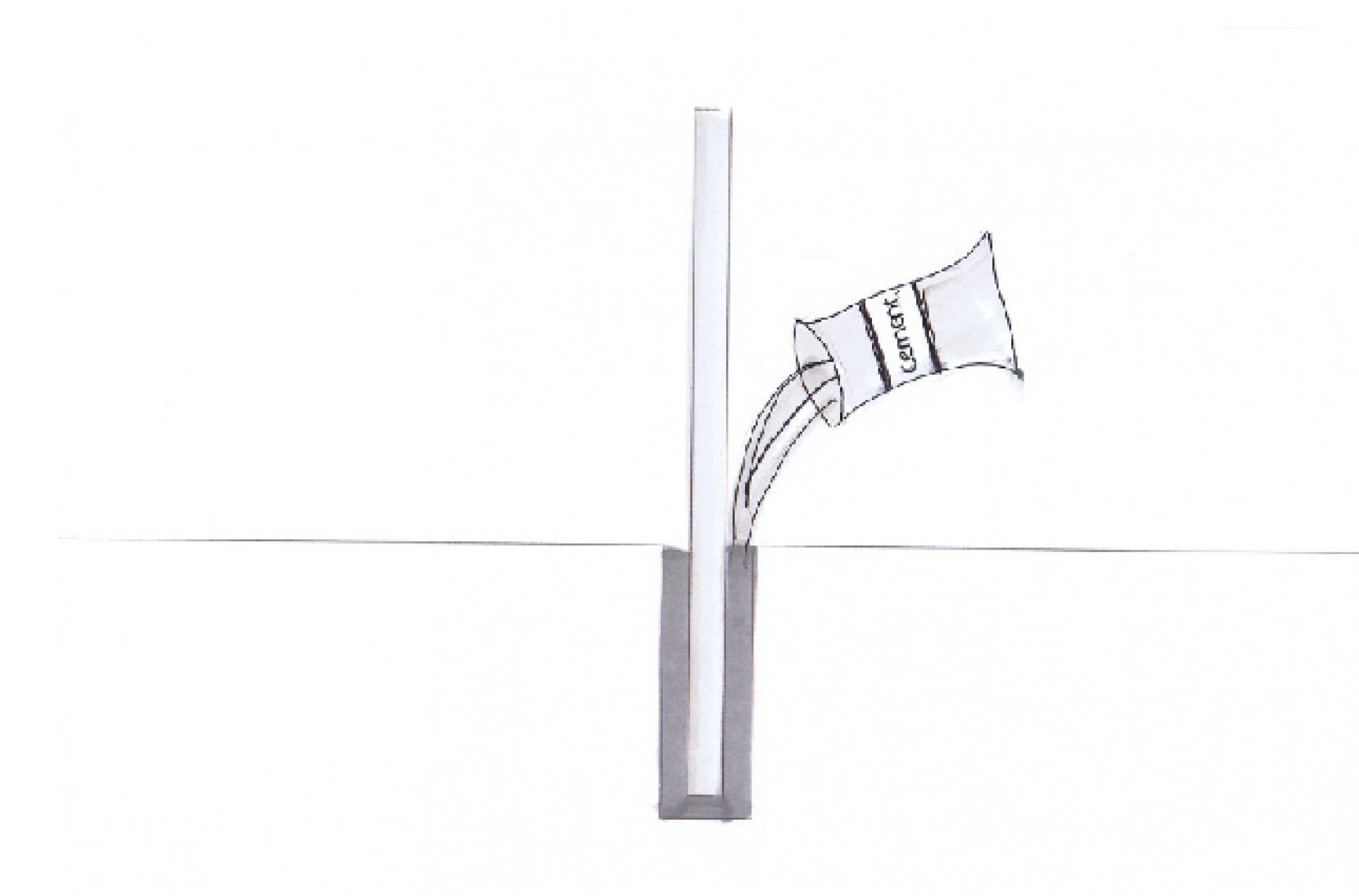




5. Post placing
Place the post in the dug hole
with the string line at the
marked height.



6. Levels
IMPORTANT STEP! Make sure
the post is exactly level and
plumb. The post should also be
square with the line.



7. Add concrete
Add two 60 lbs. bags of concrete
to the post. Add some water and
mix it well. NOTE: Best to mix
water and concrete in bucket,
then pour mixture into the hole
with post.



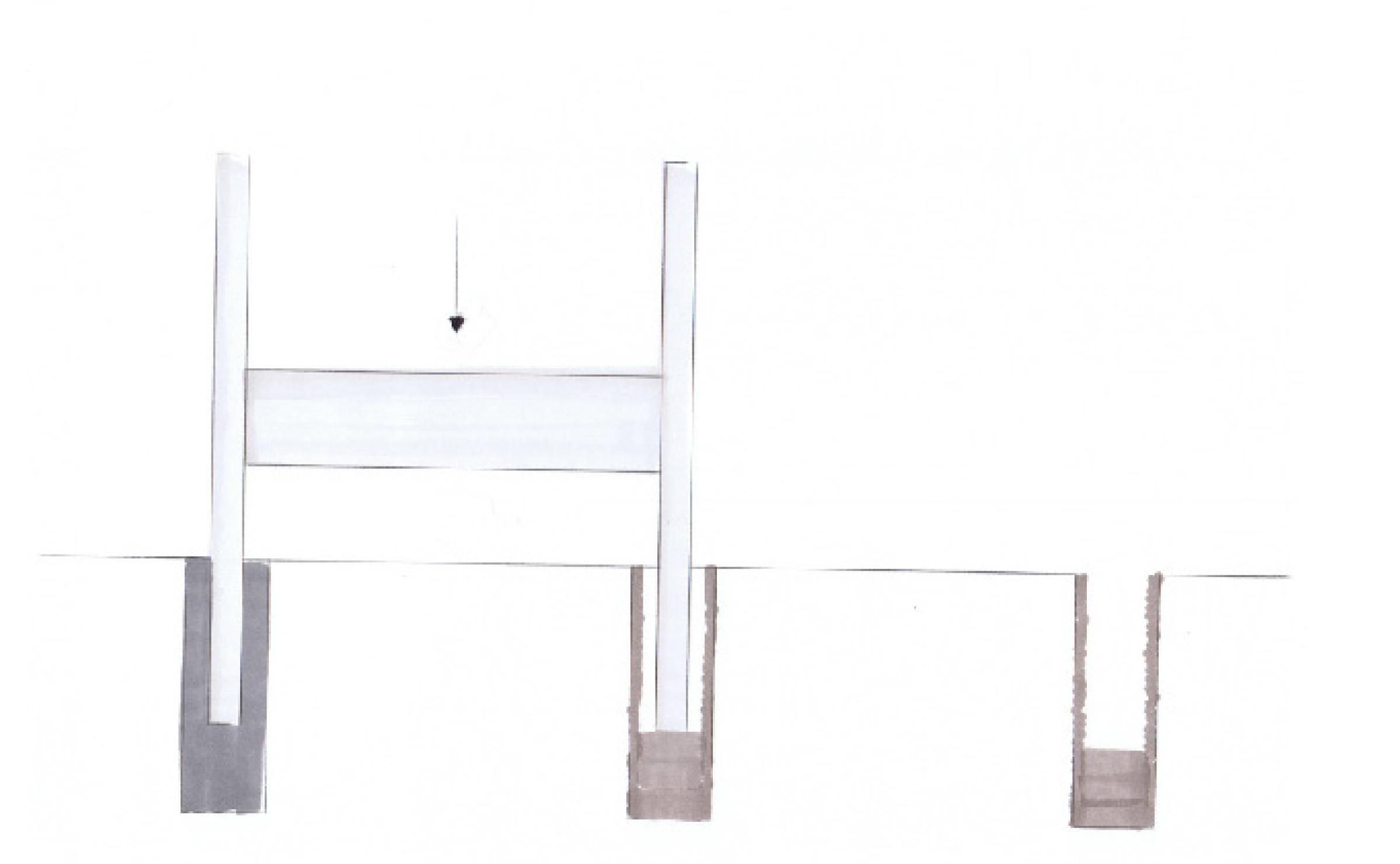
8. Level
Keep checking the post is precisely level, plumb, and square.
Allow the concrete to cure enough (if using quickset concrete, at least 30 minutes) to be ready to support the elements.
(For other types of concrete see manufacturer's packaging for instructions on required curing time).





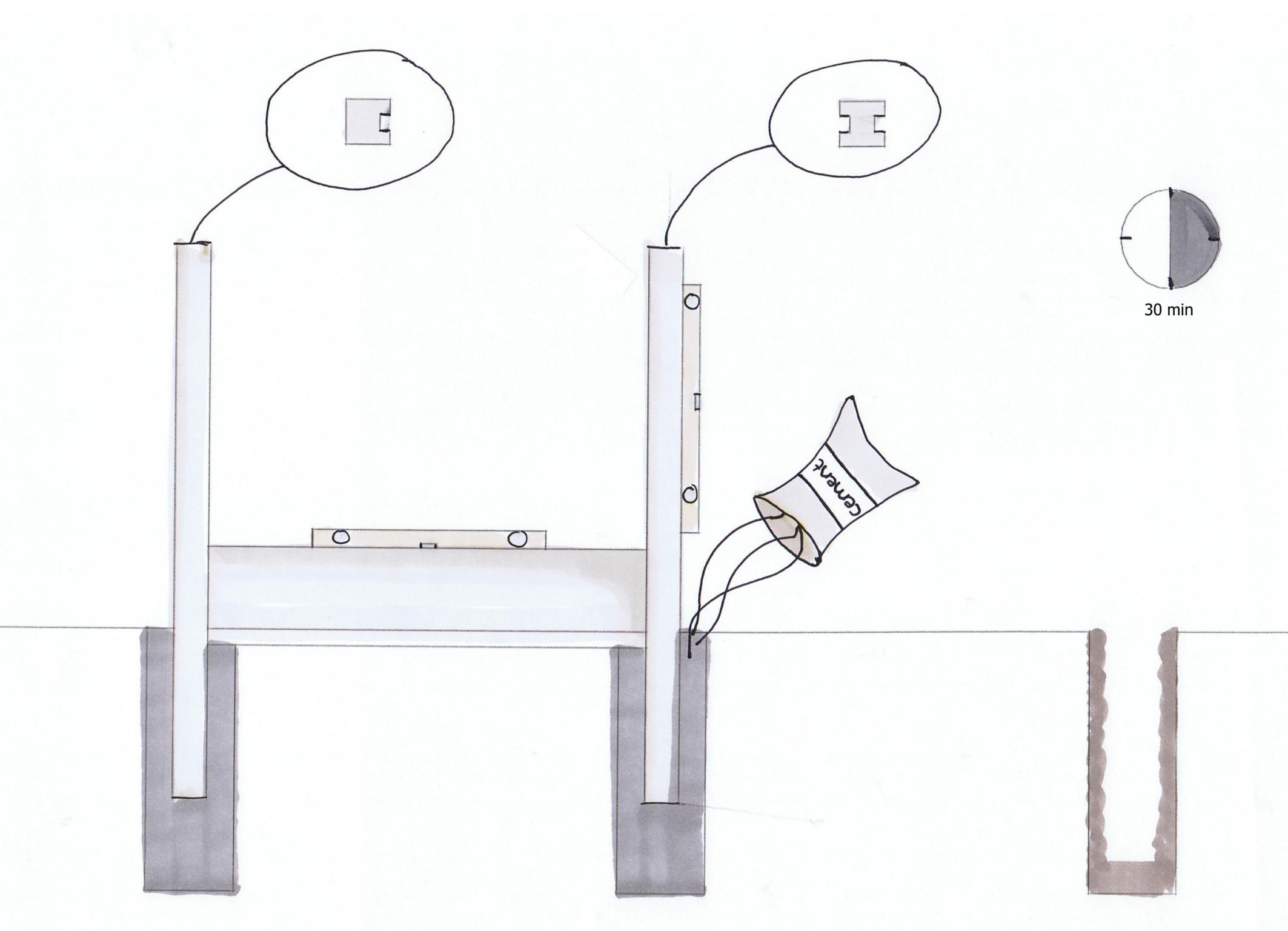
9. Next post

Place the second post in the correct position using the string line. Repeat Step 6, check to make sure the post is level, plumb, and square.



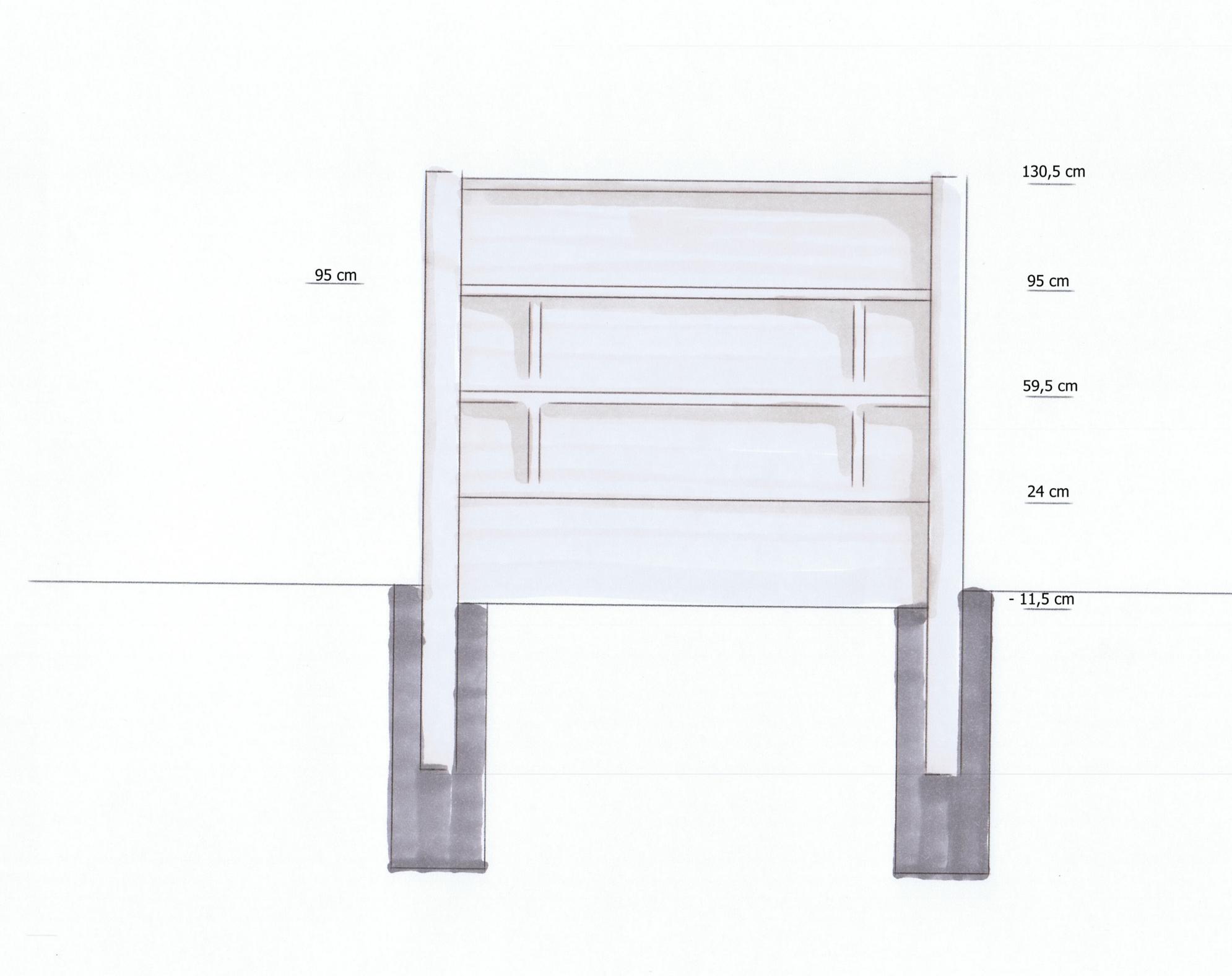
10. Place elements

Place the wooden spacers provided with your order (cut to 56.5") between the two posts. Check whether the spacer is level. IMPORTANT! Using a string line level pulled tight over the top of each post, verify the tops of the posts are level with each other.



11. Levels

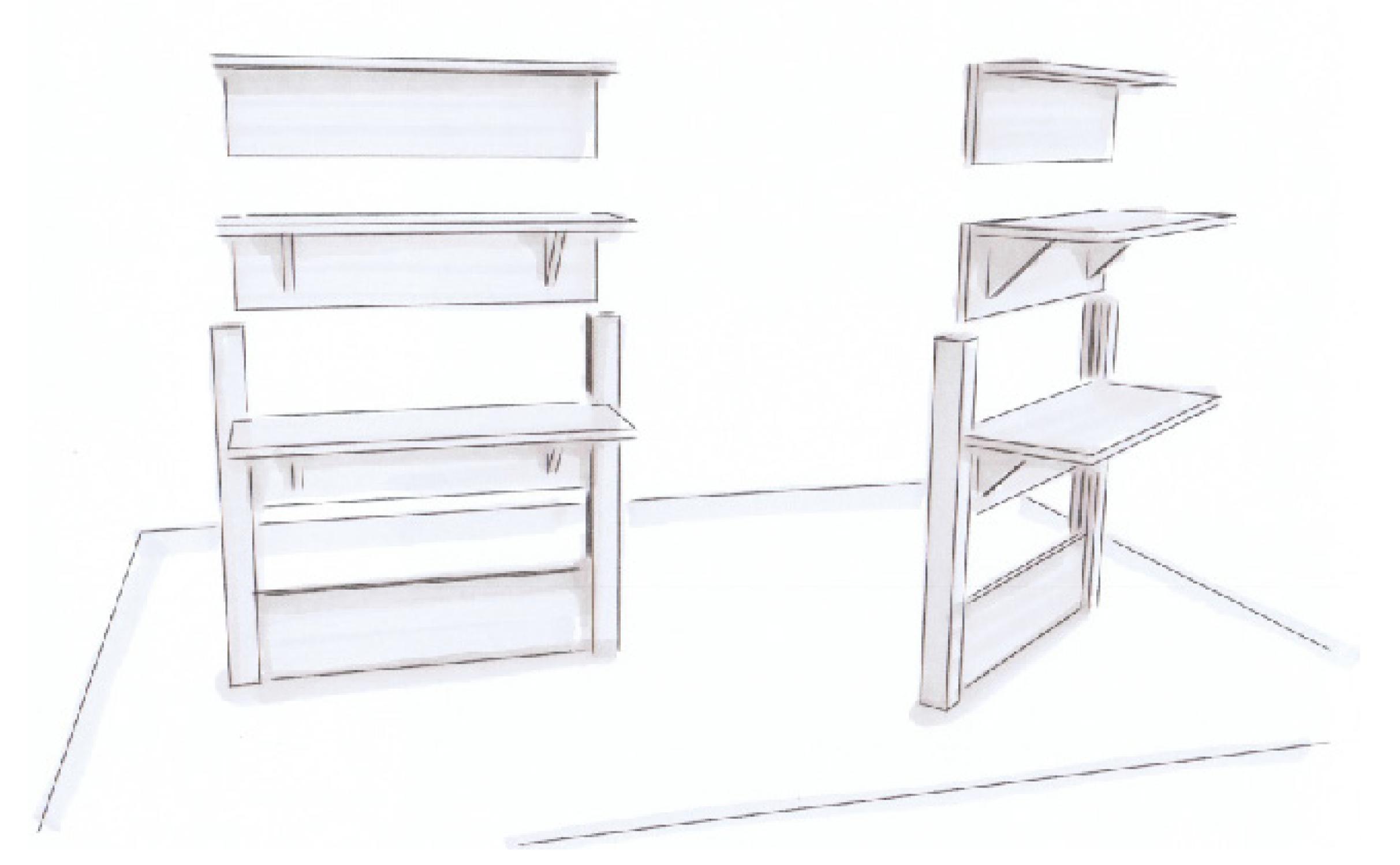
Add a bag of concrete to the second post. Keep checking that the post is precisely level, plumb, square, marked line is on the string line, and using the wooden spacer stick to keep the distance between posts at 59-1/8" (59.125") on center. Keep checking the string line level between the tops of the posts to ensure the heights are level.



12. Example dimensions

Bottom element -5" (below) the 0-point. Top counter +37" (above) the 0-point. The top of the kitchen +51" (above) 0-point. NOTE: heights may be adjusted for personal preference by raising or lowering the bottom element. Be sure to adjust the height of the posts accordingly. There should be about a 1" gap between the top of the posts and the height of the highest element. IM-PORTANT! It is recommended to keep the bottom element a minimum of 4" below grade (0-point).





13. Placing elements

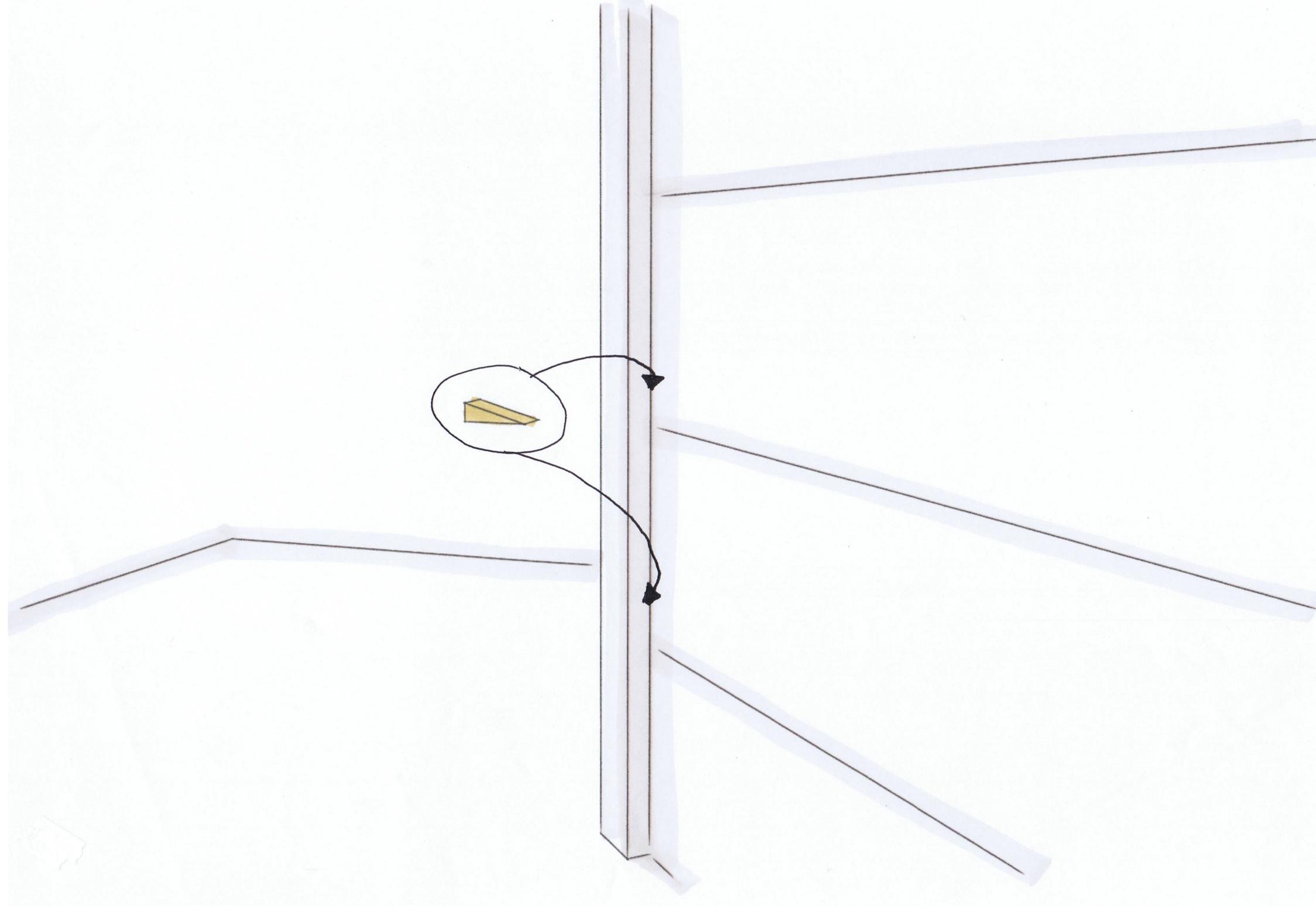
Place all the following elements into the grooves from the top. Use a lift, crane, or stacker here. Important weights:

-Counter: 265 lbs.
-Shelf: 165 lbs.

-Wall piece: 88 lbs.

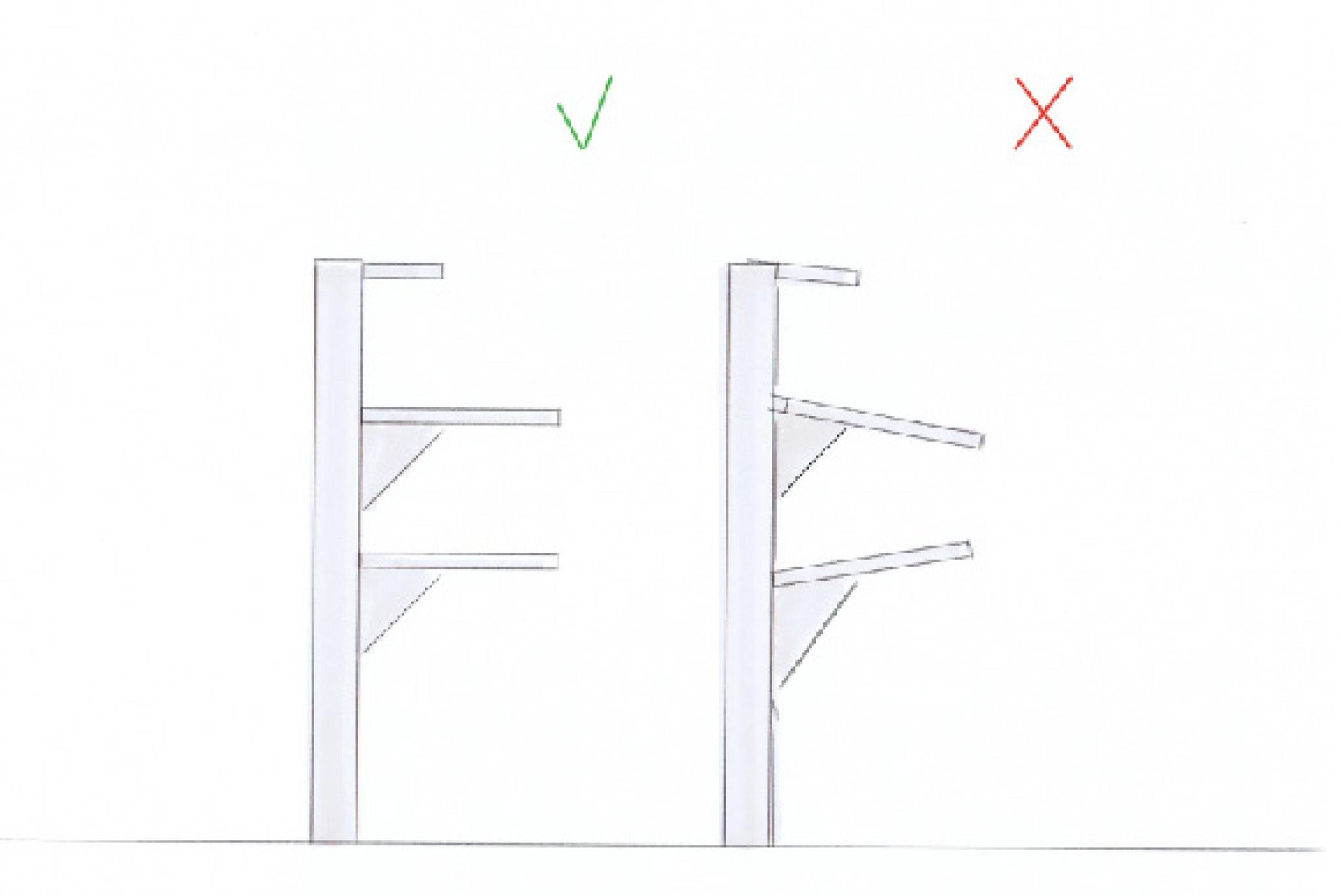
-Post for 4'3" setup: 154 lbs.
-Post for 5'4" setup: 187 lbs.
-Post for 6'6" setup: 220 lbs.

IMPORTANT! Before continuing to the next level, it is highly recommended to first place all elements of the same level (i.e. all posts and bottom elements should be in place, flush (if adjacent to another shelf), and level. Continue through Step 15 before beginning the next level. Repeat Steps 13 to 15 for each level.



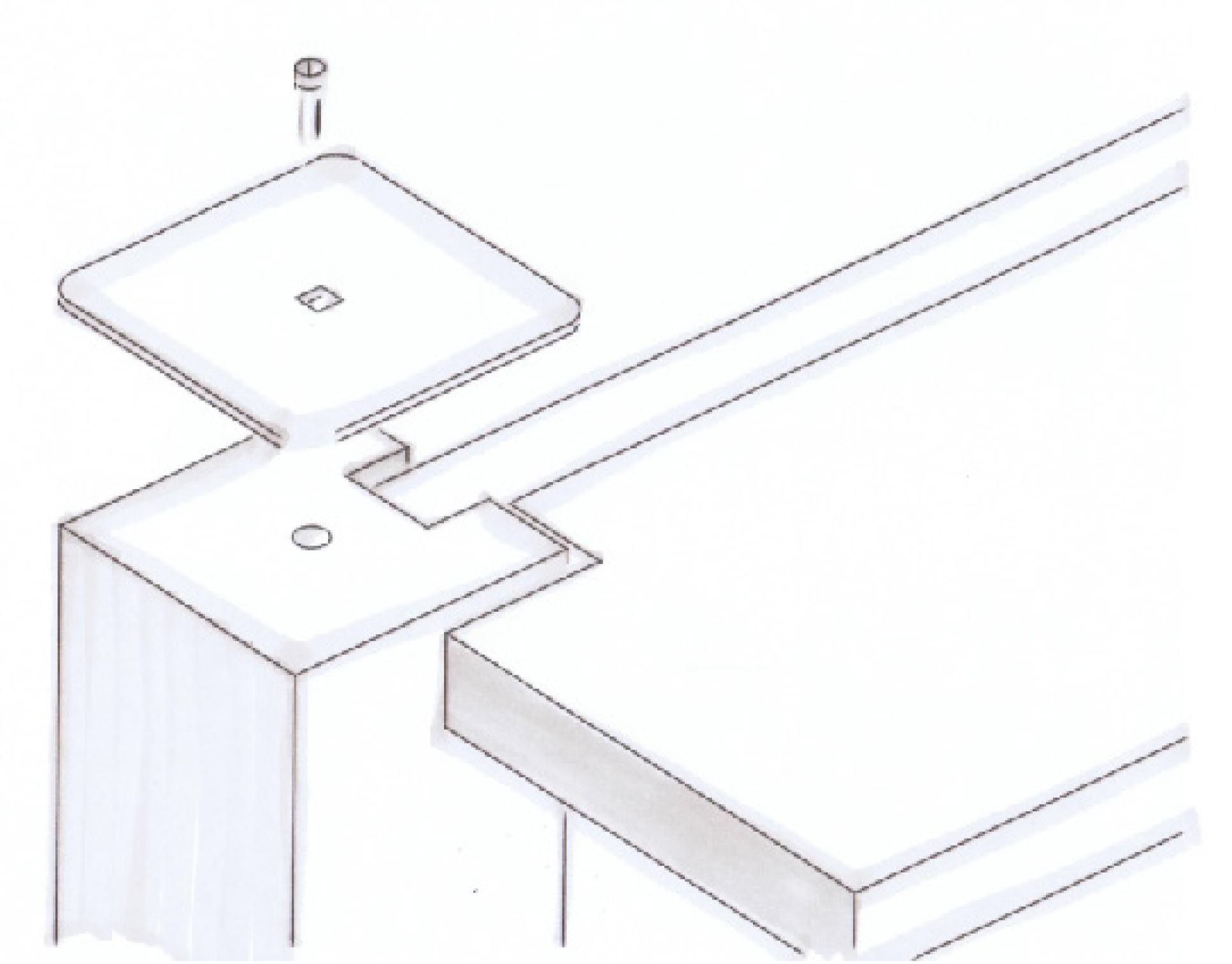
14. Place wedges

It is possible that the elements are slightly different from each other, in that case the elements should be leveled with wedges or synthetic fillers.



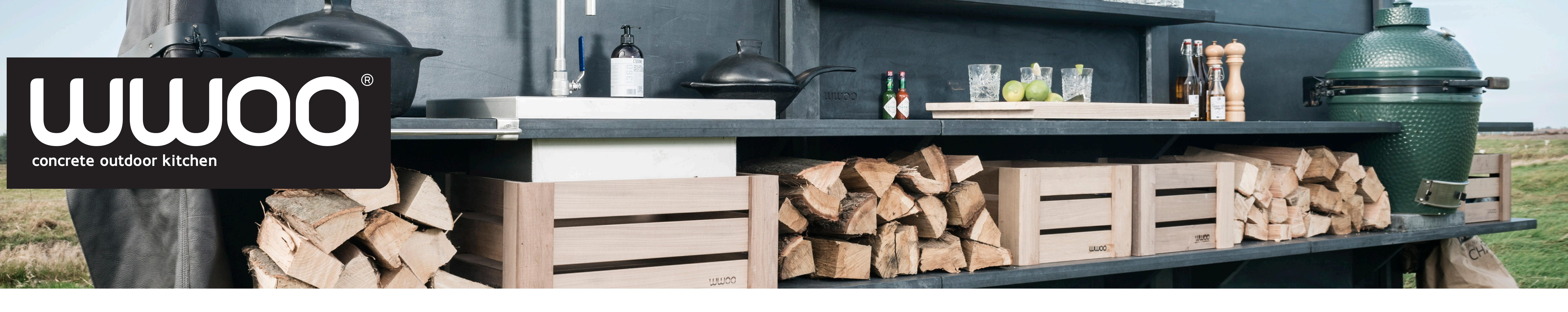
15. Checking

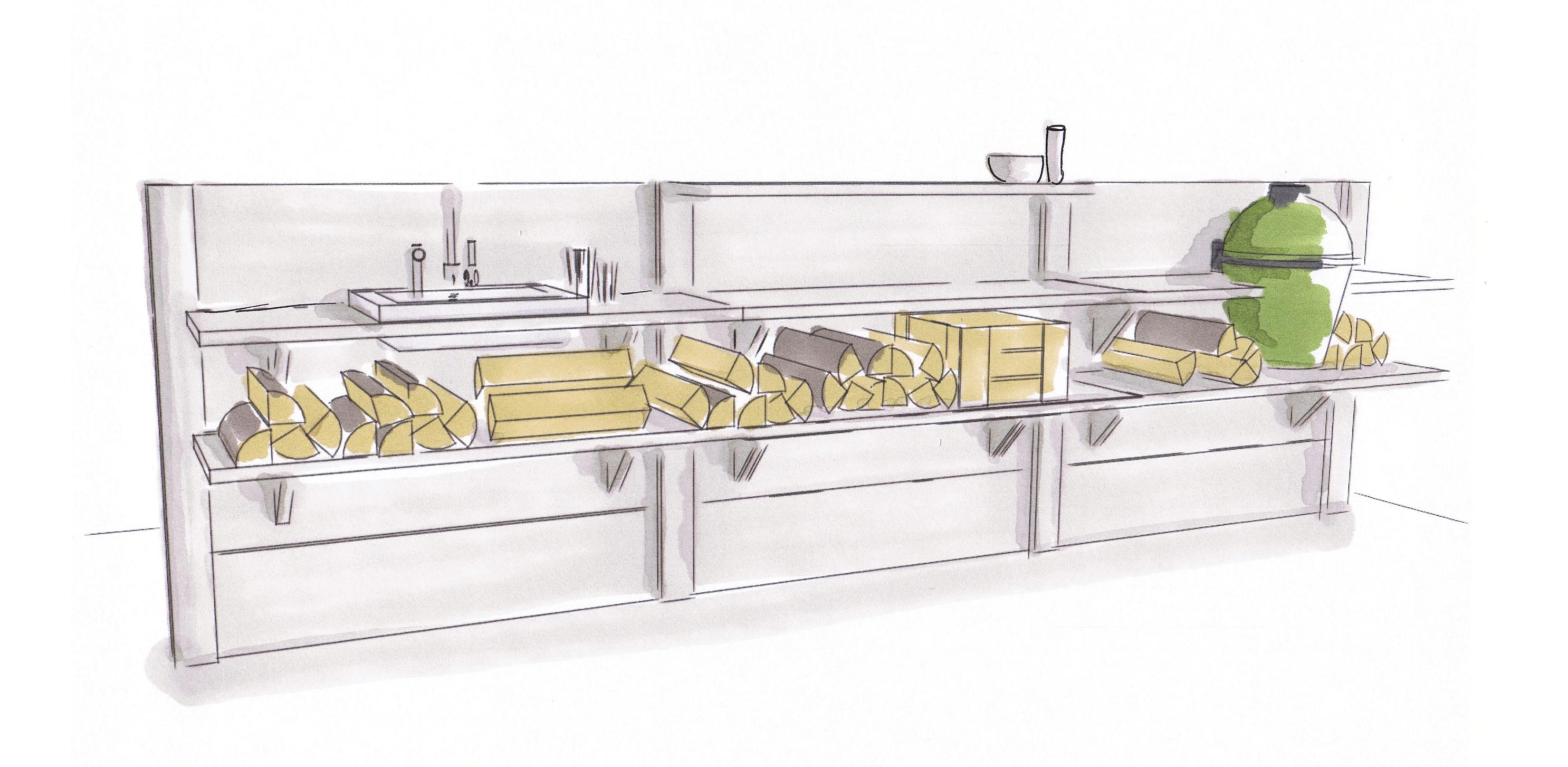
Make sure the elements are level and properly aligned. If not, adjust by placing a wedge or plastic filler on the back in the groove to bring the element into alignment.



16. Cover plates

Place the stainless-steel plates on the posts and attach this with a 9/16" wrench or socket wrench.











17. WW000 styling

Place all the accessories and enjoy your new WW00 outdoor kitchen.

Visit the WW00 website for inspiration, or find us on Facebook®, or Instagram® by searching @wwoocalifornia.

Need help? Please contact us by emailing us at califonria@wwoo.nl, or by calling our office (310)648-8030.





